



QUADRATIC EQUATION, CO-ORNATE GEOMETRY, ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION, LINEAR EQUATION

Mantra to get the best outcome.....



Best solution 11/26, Opp. Malaw Manglik Bhawan, Vijay Nagar, Indore, 0731-4080896

SECTION – (A) If the distance between the points (p, 4) and (0, 1) is 5, then the value of p 1. is [1] (a) 4 only (b) ± 4 (c) -4 only (d) 0 2. Aruna has only Rs. 1 and Rs. 2 coins with her. If the total number of coins that she has is 50 and the amount of money with her is Rs. 75, then the number Rs. 1 and Rs. 2 coins are respectively. [1] (b) 25 and 25 (a) 35 and 15 (c) 15 and 35 (d) 30 and 25 3. A fast train takes 2 hours less for a journey of 300 km in comparison to a slow train whose speed is 5 km/h less than that of the fast train. The speed [1] of the fast train is equal to (b) 30 km/h (c) 40 km/h (a) 25 km/h (d) 45 km/h 4. If the nth term of a sequence is 3 + 2 n, then the sum of its first 20 terms is [1] (b) 520 (a) 480 (c) 500 (d) 460 SECTION – (B) Find the solution of the pair of linear equation 37 x + 43 y = 123, 43 x + 375. y = 117. [2]

MATHEMATICS

Sunday Test

TIME : 3 :00 HR

Class 10th CBSE Batch-1

MARKS : 80

- 6. Solve for x: $p^2 x^2 + (p^2 q^2) x q^2 = 0, p \neq 0.$ [2]
- 7. Find the sum of first 25 terms of an AP whose nth term is 1 4n. [2]

SECTION – (C)

8. If P (x, y) is any point on the line joining the points A (a, 0) and B (0, b), then

show that
$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$$
. [3]

- 9. Show that the points A (5, 6), B (1, 5), C (2, 1) and D (6, 2) are the vertices of a square. [3]
- **10.** The point R divides the line segment AB such that AR = $\frac{3}{4}$ AB. Find the coordinates of R if the points A and B are respectively (-4, 0) and (0, 6).[3]
- **11.** By the method of factorization, find the roots of the quadratic equation

$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}x^{2} + \left(\sqrt{a} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{b}}\right)x - 2 = 0$$
, where $a > 0, b > 0$. [3]

- 12. Solve the quadratic equation a²u² + 2abcdu (1 + 2c) (b² d²) = 0 by completing the perfect square. [3]
- 13. A motor boat whose speed is 18 km/hour in still water takes 1 hour more to go 24 km upstream than to return downstream to the same spot. Find the speed of the stream. [3]
- **14.** Solve the following system of equations $\frac{bx}{a} \frac{ay}{b} + a + b = 0$, bx ay + 2 ab = 0
- **15.** A two-digit number is such that the product of its digits is 35. When 18 is added to the number, the digits interchange their places. Find the number.

[3]

- **16.** Find the value(s) of k for which the pair of linear equation kx + 3y = k 2and 12x + ky = k has no solution.[3]
- 17. If 9th term of an AP is 37 and 17th term is 47, find the sum of first 29 terms of the AP.
 [3]

SECTION – (D)

18. In figure, P divides AC in the ratio 1 : 2 and Q divides BP in the ratio 3 : 1. Find the area of the \triangle BQC and the area of the \triangle PQC.



- **19.** A passenger train takes $1\frac{2}{3}$ hours less for a journey of 400 km if its speed is increased by 8 km/hour from its original speed. Find the original speed of the train. [4]
- 20. In figure, find the coordinates of the centre of the circle which is drawn through the points A, B and C. Also find the radius. [4]



- 21. The difference of two positive integers is 4 and the numerical difference of their reciprocals is $\frac{1}{24}$. Find the integers.
- 22. Two points A and B on a highway are at a distance of 240 km from each other. The car which starts from A moves with constant speed along the direction AB and the second car moves from B at the same time with a constant speed in the same direction. The first car overtakes the second in 4 hours. However, if the second car moves from B towards A, the two cars meet each other after two hours. Find the speed of the car which starts from B.
- **23.** The sum of the ages of a man and his son is 59 years. Three years hence, the numerical product of their ages will be 750. Find their present ages. **[4]**
- **24.** If the mth term of an AP is $\frac{1}{n}$ and the nth term is $\frac{1}{m}$, then show that the (mn)th term of the AP is 1. (m \neq n). [4]

26. If the pth term of an AP is a and qth term is b, then show that the sum of

its p + q terms is
$$\frac{p+q}{2}\left\{a+b+\frac{a-b}{p-q}\right\}$$
 [4]

27. The ratio of the sums to n terms of two Ap's is (7 n + 1): (4n + 27). Find the ratio of their 9th terms. [4]

Sunday Test

